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THIRTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

Term commences March 4, 1851, and terminates March 4, 1853.
The First Session opens on Monday, December 1, 1851.

SENATE. The Senate consists of two Senators from each State. Since the admission of California, there are thirty-one States, represented by sixty-two Senators. The Senators who held over from the 4th of last March were forty-one, viz: eighteen Whigs and twenty-three Democrats. Of the twenty-one new Senators, three are yet to be elected from the following States:

California—Legislature Democratic.
Connecticut—Legislature to be chosen in April, 1852. Tennessee-Legislature Whig. SENATORS HOLDING OVER AND ELECT.

Whigs in italic; Democrats in roman—those marked F. S. are Free-soilers or Abolitionists; U., those elected as Union men; S. R., those elected as Southern or State

Rights men.			
	brm.		erm
ALABAMA. E	pires.	MICHIGAN. Ex	
Jeremiah Clemens -	1853	Alpheus Felch	
Wm. R. King (S. R.) -	1855	Lewis Cass MISSOURI.	185
Wm. K. Sebastian -	1853	David R. Atchison .	185
Solon Borland	1855	Henry S. Geyer	185
CONNECTICUT.	-	NEW HAMPSHIRE.	-
Truman Smith	1855	John P. Hale (F.S.) -	185
	1857	Moses Norris, jr	185
CALIFORNIA.	(E) (E) (E) (E)	NEW YORK.	
Wm. M. Gwin	1855	Wm. H. Seward (F.S.)	185
	1857	Hamilton Fish	185
DELAWARE.		NEW JERSEY.	L.
Presley Spruance	1855	Jacob W. Miller	185
James A. Bayard	1857	Robert F. Stockton -	185
Jackson Morton	1855	Willie P. Mangum -	185
Stephen R. Mallory -	1857	George E. Badger	185
GEORGIA.		outo.	
John M. Berrien	1853	Salmon P. Chase(F.S.)	185
Wm. C. Dawson	1855	Benjamin F. Wade -	185
INDIANA.	316.5	PENNSYLVANIA.	Page.
James Whitcomb	1855	James Cooper	185
Jesse D. Bright	1857	Richard Brodhead, jr.	185
ILLINOIS.	1010	RHODE ISLAND.	185
Stephen A. Douglas -		John H. Clarke Charles T. James	1857
James Shields	1855	Charles T. James	180
George W. Jones	1853	R. B. Rhett (8.R.)	185
Augustus C. Dodge -	1855	A. P. Butler (S.R.) -	185
RENTUCKY.	11/1/2019	TENNESSEE.	
Joseph R. Underwood	1853	John Bell	185
Henry Clay	1855		185
LOUISIANA.		TEXAS.	
Sol. U. Downs (U.) -	1853	Sam Houston	185
Pierre Soule (S. R.) -	1855	Thomas J. Rusk	1857
MAINE.	1	VERMONT.	
Jas. W. Bradbury -	1853	William Upham	185
Hannibal Hamlin -	1857	Solomon Foote	185
MASSACHUSETTS.	****	VIRGINIA.	185
John Davis	1853 1857	R. M. T. Hunter (8.R.) Jas. M. Mason (8.R.) -	185
Chas. Sumner (F.S.) - MARYLAND.	1801	WISCONSIN.	100
James A. Pearce	1855	Isaac P. Walker	
Thomas G. Pratt	1857	Henry Dodge	1857
A VANDAL STREET, SALES SEED STREET, SALES SEEDS		METROP / REPORT OF THE PARTY OF	

Messrs. Foote and Davis, of Mississippi, have resigned: Of the members elect, and those holding over thirty-four are Democrats, twenty-one are Whigs, and four Free-soilers. Of the Free rd were union of Whigs and Free-soilers; Sumner and Chase were elected by Democrats and Free-soilers combined. Dodge, (Democrat,) of Wis-consin; Fish, (Whig.) of New York: Foote, (Whig.) of Vermont; and Wade, (Whig.) o Ohio, are also put down by some as Free-soilers

MISSISSIPPI.

Henra S. Foots (U.) - 1853 Jefferson Davis (S.R.) 185

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. The House consists of two hundred and thirty-three members and four Territorial dele gates. These delegates, however, have no vote Annexed are the names of the

MEMBERS ELECT. 1 John Bragg, (S. R.)

2 James Abercrombie

3 Samp. W. Harris, (S. R.)

4 William P. Smith

4 William It. Simon
ARKANSAS.
1 Robt. W. Johnson, (8, R.)
CONNECTICUT.
1 Charles Chapman 3 C. F. Cleveland
2 C. M. Ingersoll 4 O. S. Seymour
CALIFORNIA.
1 Edward P. Marshall 2 McCorkle
DRLAWARE.
1 George R. Riddle
FLORIDA.
1 Edward C. Cabell
GROBGIA.
1 J W. Jackson, (S. R.) 5 E. W. Chastain, (U.)
2 James Johnson, (U.) 6 Junius Hillyer, (U.)
3 David J. Bailey, (S. R.) 7 A. H. Stephens, (U.)
4 Charles Murphy, (U.) 8 Robert Toombs, (U.)
• Charles murphy, (v.)

William H. Blasell Willis Allen Orlando B. Ficklin Richard S. Moloney Wm. A. Richardson 1 Lincoln L. Clark 2 Bernhardt Henn

Addison White Humphrey Marshall John C. Breekinridge LOUISIANA.

1 Louis St. Martin, (S. R.) 3 Alex. G. Penn, (S. R.)

2 J. Aristide Landry 4 Isnac E. Morse (S. R.)

S Ephraim K. Smart frael Washburn, jr. Chomas J. D. Fulle

William Appleton Robt. Rantoul, jr., (V.S.) James H. Duncan B. Thompson Charles Allen, (V. S.)

4 Thomas Y. Welsh 5 Alexander Evans 6 Joseph S. Cuttenas 3 James I. Omger

3 Jared Perkins 4 Harry Hibbard New York.

18 Preston King (F. S.)

19 Willard Ives

20 Timothy Jenkins

21 William W. Snow John G. Floyd

Jobadiah Bouene

Emanuel B. Hart

J. H. Hobert Hawe

George Briggs

James Brooks

Alpham P. Stevens

Gilbert Dean

William Murray

Marius Schoomaker

Josiah Sutherland, jr.

David L. Seymour

John L. Schoolcraft

John H. Boyd

John H. Bugl

John Wells

Alexander H. Buel

William W. Snow
Henry Bennett
Leander Babeock
Daniel T. Jones
Thomas Y. How, jr.
H. S. Walbridge
William A. Szokett
Ab. M. Schermerhory
Jedesliah Hosford
Reuben Robie
Frederick, S. Martin
S. G. Haven
Aug. P. Hascall
Lorenzo Burrows

6 John R. J. Daniel 7 W. S. Ashe 8 Edward Stanly 9 David Outlaw

*R. W. Weightman, (del.)

1 David T. Disney
2 L. D. Campbell, (F. S.)
2 Hiram Bell
4 Benjamin Stanton
5 Alfred P. Egerton
6 Frederick Green
7 Nelson Barrere
8 John L. Taylor
9 Edson B. Olds
0 Charles Sweetser
1 George H. Busby 12 John Welsh
13 James M. Gaylord
14 Alexander Harper
15 William F. Hunter
16 John Johnson
17 Joseph Cable
18 David K. Cartter
19 Eben Newton, (F. S.)
20 J. R. Giddings, (F. S.)
21 N. S. Townsend

* Joseph Lane, (del.)

*Joseph Lane, (del.)

PENNSTIVANIA.

mee 13 James Gamble
ller 14 T. M. Bibighaus
15 William H. Kurts
16 J. X. McLannhan
17 Andrew Parker
18 John L. Dawson
19 Joseph H. Kuhns
20 John Allison
21 Thomas M. Howe
22 John W. Howe (F.S.)
23 John H. Wulker
S.) 24 Alfred Gillmore
ODE BLAND.
2 Benjamir II PENNSYI

Thomas B. Florence

Joseph R. Chandler

Henry D. Moore

John Robbins, jr.

John McNair

Thomas Ross

John A. Morrison

Thaddeus Sevens

J. Glancy Jones

Miles M. Dimmick

Henry M. Fuller

Galusha A. Grow (F. S.)

1 George E. King 5 Armistead Burt, (S. R.) 6 William Aiken, (S. R.) 7 Wm. F. Colcock, (S. R.)

1 Andrew Johnson 2 Albert G. Watkins 3 Wm. M. Churchwell 4 John H. Savage 5 George W. Jones 6 Wm. H. Polk

8 William Cullom 9 Isham G. Harris 10 Fred. P. Stanton 11 Christopher H. W

1 Richardson Scurry, (U.) 2 Volney E. Howard, (U.)

John M. Bernhisel, (U.) VIRGINIA.

1 John S. Millson, (S. R.)

2 R. Kidder Meade, (S. R.)

3 Thos. H. Averett, (S. R.)

1 John Letcher, (U.)

4 Thos. S. Boccok, (S. R.)

1 John Letcher, (U.)

5 John S. Caskie, (S. R.)

12 H. Edmondson, (U.)

5 John S. Caskie, (S. R.)

14 J. M. H. Beale, (U.)

Thomas H. Bayly, (U.)

15 Geo. W. Thompson, (U.)

Wisconsin.

1 Charles Durkee, (F. S.)

2 Benj. C. Eastman

*Delegates from the Territories. RECAPITULATION BY FIGURES

Edward SW				-'51		
			Whig.	Dem.	Whig.	Dem
Alabama			2	5	2 .	5
Arkansas			-	1	-	1
Connecticu	t		1	8	1	3
Delaware			-	1	1	-
Florida			1		1	-
Indiana			2	8	1	9
Illinois			1	6	1	6
Iowa -			-	2 .	1	1
Kentucky			5	5	6	4
Louisiana			1	3	1	3
Maine			2	6	2	5
Massachus	etts		9	1	10	-
Maryland			4	2	3	3
California			_	2	-	2
Georgia			2	6	3	5
Michigan			2	1	1	2
Missouri			3	2	-	5
Mississippi			_	4	-	4
New Hamp	shire		2	2	2	2
New York			17	17	32	2
New Jersey			1	4	4	1
North Care	lina		6	3	0	3
Ohio -			10	11	10	11
Pennsylva	nia		9	15	15	9
Rhode Isla	nd		1	1	2	_
South Care	lins		-	7	-	7
Tennessee			4	7	4	7
Texas			-	2	-	2
Vermont			3	1	3	1
Virginia			2	13	2	13
Wisconsin			100	0	1	0

Total thus far - ' - 90 143 115 118 A majority of the House is

Democrats elected
Southern rights men (21 Democrats and 1 Whig)
Free-sollers THE PRESIDENTIAL ASPECT OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

With regard to the vote by States, which only occurs in case the Presidential election is re ferred to the House of Representatives, the following is the result thus far:

vocratic States 20 Whig States-7. Delaware, Georgia, Illinois, Indiaus, Iowa, Louisiana, Maina, Mississippi, New Jersey, Ohio, Pennsylvania South Carolina, Divided-1. Kentucky, New Hampshire, New York, Rhode Island.

New York, New Orleans, and Mobile Express,

CONNECTING with the swiftest and most responsible expresses between the principal towns in Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Macsachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Lower Canada, New York State, Delaware, Pennsylvania, Maryland, District of Columbis, Indians, Ohio, Illinois, the Western States generally, the Mississippi and Alabama river towns, and the prominent places in Georgia and the Carolinas.

Our facilities are so extensive and perfect that we can secure the safe and speedy transportation of freight, trusks, packages, and valuable parcels, from one end of the country to the other, and between the most remote points.

From our many years' experience in the express business, while connected with Measrs. Adams & Co., and our numerous advantages in other respects, (not the least of which is the confidence and patronage of the New York community.) we feel assured that we shall never cease to give the most entire satisfaction to our friends, the jewellers, bankers, and merchants generally.

We beg leave to call attention to our California Express from New Orleans, and our Express between New Orleans, and Our Express between New Orleans, and Is Wall street. New York. New York, New Orleans, and Mobile Express,

Offices: St. Charles Hotel Building, New Orleans, and 19 Wall street, New York.

THE CHRISTIAN STATESMAN. A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER.

Devoted to African Colonization and Civilization. to Literature and General Intelligence.

Devoted to African Colonization and Civilization, to Literature and General Intelligence.

THE undersigned propose to publish, in the City of Washington, a weekly newspaper, bearing the above title, and dedicated to a sound morality in Politics, to the Union of the States, to the cause of African Colonization and Civilization, and to all topics of a high and general interest to their country and mankind. They will endeavor to impress upon the People and Government of the United States and of the several States the importance of colonizing in Africa, with their own consent, the free people of color of this country, and such as may become free. They will communicate to the public all important information they may obtain in regard to the Geograph, Exploration, Resources, Commerce and Population of Africa; the state of the Slave Trade, and the measures best adapted for its suppression; and will enforce the duty of union among all Christian denominations in efforts to diffuse the knowledge of our Arts, Liberty, and Christianity, among the barbarous people of that Continent.

They will aim to render the journal an instructive and useful Family Newspaper, and to secure for its columns, as the public favor shall enable them, contributions, literary and scientific, of decided merit.

This Curbistian Statesman will be of the size of the Home Journal or National Era, and exceed in size the Intelligencer or the Union of this city; and, with but few advertisements, will be nearly filled with matter designed to be of interest to its readers.

It will be printed with new type, on fine white paper, and, in mechanical execution, be equal to the best newspapers in the country.

TEMS.—The Christian Statesman will be two dollars a year, payable in advance.

Postmasters or others, who may be pleased to act as voluntary agents, will be responsible to those who may year to them subscriptions; and to the order of such agents, or to any who may make remittances for the Christian Statesman, it will be supplied on the following terms:

COLONIZATION ROOMS, Washington, June 11, 1851.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the American Colonization Society, held on the 10th instant, the Secretary laid before the Committee the Prospectus of a newspaper, to be called the Christian Stateman, and to be devoted "to sound morality in Politics, to the Union of the States, to the cause of African Colonization and Civilization, and to all topics of a high and general interest to their country"—to be published in this city, by the Rev. R. R. Gurley and D. R. Goodloe; after the reading of which, it was

Resolved. That we cordially and earnestly recommend

Resolved, That we cordially and earnestly recom the Christian Statesman to the natronage of the the Christian Stateman to the patronage of the friends
African Colonization throughout the United States.

June 16— W. McLAIN, Sec. Am. Col. Soc.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE,

BRITISH QUARTERLY REVIEWS.

BRITISH QUARTERLY REVIEWS.

WING to the late revolutions and counter-revolutions among the nations of Europe, which have followed each other in such quick succession, and of which "the end is not yet," the leading periodicals of Great Britain have become invested with a degree of interest hitherto unknown. They occupy a middle ground between the hasty, disjointed, and necessarily imperfect records of the newspapers, and the elaborate and ponderous treaties to be furnished by the historian at a future day. Whoever reads these periodicals obtains a correct and connected account of all the important political events of the Old World, as they occur, and learns the various conclusions drawn from them by the leading spirits of the age. The American publishers therefore deem it proper to call renewed attention to the works they publish, and the very low prices at which they are offered to subscribers. The following is their list, viz:

THE EDINBURGH REVIEW,

THE DONDON QUARTERLY REVIEW,

THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW,

THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW,

THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW,

THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW, and BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE.

In these periodicals are contained the views, moderately though, electly and firmly expressed of the three greatest.

Blackwoop's Edinburgh Magains.

In these periodicals are contained the views, moderately though clearly and firmly expressed, of the three greatest parties in England—Tory, Whig, and Radical; "Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory, the 'Edinburgh Review" Whig, and the "Westminster Review" Liberal. The "North British Review" owes its establishment to the last great ceclesiastical movement in Scotland, and is not ultra in its views on any one of the grand departments of human knowledge. It was originally edited by Dr. Chalmers, and now, since his death, is conducted by his son-in-law, Dr. Hanna, associated with Sir David Brewster. Its literary character is of the very highest order. The "Westminster," though reprinted under that title only, is published in England under the title of the "Foreign Quarterly and Westminster," it being in fact a union of the two Reviews formerly published and reprinted under separate titles. It has, therefore, the advantage, by

this combination, of uniting in one work the best features of both, as heretofore issued.

The above Periodicals are reprinted in New York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—Blackwood's Magazine being an ex-

TER	M 8:			
For any one of the four Rev	riews, \$3	00	per annum.	
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For Blackwood's Magazine,		00	A.	
For Blackwood and three ft	eviews, 9	00		
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Remittances and communications should be alway Remittances and communications should sed, post paid or franked, to the Publishers, LEONARD SCOTT & CO., 79 Fulton street, New York. Entrance 54 Gold st.

PARKEVILLE HYDROPATHIC INSTITUTE. PARKEVILLE HYDROPATHIC INSTITUTE.

A T a meeting of the Board of Managers of the Parker ville Hydropathic Institute, held fifth month 15th, 1850, Joseph A. Weder, M. D., was unanimously elected Resident Physician in the place of Dr. Dexter, resigned. Having made various improvements, this institute is now prepared to receive an additional number of patients; and from Dr. Weder's well-known skill and practical experience in Europe, (acquired under Vincenz Preissnitz, the founder of the Hydropathic system.) and for several years past in this country, and particularly in the city of Philadelphia, (where he has had many patients.) the Managers believe the afflicted will find him an able and an attentive physician.

The domestic department being under the charge of a Steward and Matron, will enable the Doctor to devote to the patients whatever time may be necessary.

Application for admission to be made to SAMUEL WEBB, Secretary.

Office No. 58 South Fourth street, residence No. 10 Locan square, Philadelphia.

can square, Philadelphia.

General Description of the Purkeville Hydropathic Institute.

The main building is three stories high, standing back from the street about one hundred feet, with a semicircular grass plot in front, and contains thirty to forty rooms. The grounds around the house are tastefully laid out with walks and planted with trees, shrube, &c. On the left of the entrance to these grounds is a cottage containing four cooms, used by male patients as a bathing house, with every convenience for "packing," bathing, &c.; on the right of the entrance, about two hundred feet distant, stands a similar cottage, used by the ladies for similar purposes.

In the rear of the Institute, at the distance of one hun In the rear of the Institute, as the description of these is the laundry, with a hydrant at the door; the other two are occupied by the servants.

The hydrant water is introduced into these cottages as well as into the main building, and all the waste water earlied off by drains under ground.

consist of a circular stone building, standing on the brow of a hill, surmounted by a large codar reservoir containing five hundred barrels, brought from a never-failing spring of pure coid water in the side of the hill, by "a hydraulic ram," a self-acting machine of cast iron, that is kept constantly going, night and day, by the descent of the water from the spring. The surplus water is carried from the ceservoir to a fountain in the water-works yard, surrounded by weeping willows. In the first story of the water-works is a circular room, containing the douche bath, which is a stream falling from a beight of about thirty feet, and can be varied in size from half an inch to an inch and a half in diameter. Adjoining the douche room is a dressing room, with marble tables, &c., the rising douche (for the cure of piles, &c.) is one of the most complete contrivances of the kind, being entirely under the sontrol of the patient using the same.

There are many other appliances, which can be better understood by a personal examination. mar 24—

CHEPPARD & VAN HABLINGEN, No. 274 Chesnut Street, above Tenth, Philadelphia, have just received per steamer splendid Table and Plane Covers. Damast Table Cloths, Napking

CITY COUNCILS.

CORPORATION OF WASHINGTON.

[The proceedings of the Board of Aldermen have not yet come to hand.] BOARD OF COMMON COUNCIL,

Monday, November 24, 1851.

All the members present, except Messrs. Kelly,

Bryan, and Havenner.
Mr. WANNALL presented the petition of S. A. Peugh and others, for graveling Delaware ave-

nue and N street north; which was read, and referred to the Committee on Improvements. The PRESIDENT presented the petition of Anne R. Dermott, praying permission to extend the steps of her building beyond the space allowed by law; which was read, and referred to the Committee on Improvements.

The bill from the Board of Aldermen entitled the contractions flag footways across In-

"An act authorizing flag footways across In-diana avenue and D street north, on the east side of 3d street east ;" and "An act to authorize the construction of certain flag footways in the Second Ward," were severally taken up, read twice, and referred to the Committee on Im-

The bill from the Board of Aldermen for the relief of Wm. Greer was taken up, read twice, and referred to the Committee of Claims. A statement was received from the Mayor of the bank account of the Corporation on the 1st instant; which was read and referred to the

Committee of Ways and Means. Mr. Easny, from the Committee on Improve-ments, to which were referred the bills entitled "An act authorizing the Mayor to cause the western termination of K street north to be paved with stone," and "An act making an ap-

propriation for a gravel footwalk in the First Ward," reported said bills without amendment. Mr. Hutchingson, from the Committee of Claims, to which was referred, on the 29th Sep-tember last, the petition of Washington Raw-lings, asked to be discharged from the further

consideration of the same; which was agreed to Mr. HUTCHINGSON, on leave, introduced bills entitled "An act making an appropriation to repair the plank footbridge at M street south," and "An act making an appropriation to im-prove the grounds of the tobacco warehouse;" which were severally read twice and referred to the Committee on Improvements.

Mr. VAN RISWICK submitted the following resolution, which was read and adopted: Resolved, That the Committee on Wharves be, and they are hereby, instructed to examine the wharf at the foot of 6th street west, and report to the Board its condition and what is best, in their judgment, to be done with it.

Mr. Monus moved a reconsideration of the vote by which, at its third reading on Monday last, the bill for the relief of Benjamin Bean was rejected; which motion was agreed to by the following vote:

YKAS—Messrs. Douglass, Easby, Mohun, Pepper, Brent, Hutchingson, Mulloy, Morgan, Miller, Cuil, Johnson, Wheeler and Hill—13. NATS—Messrs. Callan, Downer, Wannall, and Van Ris-Mr. WHEELER moved that the bill be recor

mitted to the Committee of Claims; pending which motion-Mr. Miller moved the previous question, which was seconded by the Board: and the question first recurring on the motion to recom-

mit, the motion was negatived by the following YEAS—Messrs. Callan, Downer, Wannall, Whoeler, Van Riswick and Hill—6. NAYS—Messrs. Douglass, Easby, Mohun, Pepper, Brent, Hutchingson, Mulloy, Morgan, Miller, Cull, and John-

Mr. WHEELER moved that the Board do now adjourn; which motion was negatived as follows:

Yras-Messrs. Douglass, Easby, Callan, Downer, Wan-nall, Wheeler, and Van Riswick-7. Nars-Messrs. Pepper, Brent, Hutchingson, Mulloy, Morgan, Miller, Cull, Johnson, and Hill-9. The question then recurring on the third

reading of the bill, the year and nays were as YEAS-Messrs. Douglass, Pepper, Brent, Hutchingson, Mulloy, Morgan, Miller, Cull, and Johnson—9.

NAYS-Messrs. Easby, Callan, Downer, Wannall, Wheeler, Van Riswick, and Hill—7.

So the bill was ordered to its third reading, and was read the third time and passed. The bill from the Board of Aldermen for the

relief of Jas. A. Wise was taken up, read the third time, and passed. Mr. Callan, on leave, introduced a bill for the relief of M. Holloran; which was taken up,

read three times, and passed.

Mr. Pepper submitted the following resolution, which was read and adopted :

Resolved. That so much of the Mayor's message as re lates to the erection of a new market-house for the Ce tre Market be referred to the Committee on Improv

Mr. BRENT, from the Committee on Police, to which was referred the bill to prohibit the ring-ing of steamboat bells and blowing of whistles on Sundays, reported the same without amend-

On motion, the bill for the relief of William E. Stewart was taken up, read the third time,

On motion, the bill for the relief of Francis Holden was taken up; and, the Committee of Claims having recommended the rejection of the bill, the question was taken on its reading, when the yeas and nays were as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Mohun, Pepper, Brent, Mulloy, Johnson, Wheeler, and Van Riswick—7.
NATS—Messrs. Douglass, Easby, Callan, Downer, Wannall, Hutchingson, Morgan, Miller, Cull, and Hill—9.

So the bill was rejected. Mr. PEPPER, from the Committee on Imrovements, reported a bill for the relief of William Haggerty; which was read three times

On motion, the bill restricting the speed of steamboats was taken up; and, the amendments steamboats was taken up; and, the amendments encounter this enemy to constitutional government, or yield to the demands of a few at the

Mr. WANNALL moved that the bill be indefinitely postponed; which motion was negatived, as follows:

YEAS-Messrs. Douglass, Wannall, Mohun, Pepper, and Morgan—5. NATS—Mesers. Easby, Callan, Downer, Brent, Hutch-ingson, Mulley, Miller, Cull, Johnson, Wheeler, Van Riswick, and Hill—12.

Mr. Mongan moved an amendment exempt ing boats carrying the United States mail from the penalties of the bill; which motion was negatived, as follows: YEA-Mr. Morgan.

NATS—Messrs, Douglass, Easby, Callan, Downer, Wan-nall, Mohun, Pepper, Brent. Hutchingson, Mulloy, Mil-er, Cull, Johnson, Wheeler, Van Riswick, and Hill—16. The bill as amended was then read the third time and passed. On its third reading the yeas and nays were

YEAR-Mesers. Easby, Callan, Downer, Brent, Hutchingson, Mulloy, Miller, Cuil, Johnson, Wheeler, Van Riswick, and Hill-12.

NATS-Messrs. Douglass, Wannall, Mohun, Pepper, and The bills from the Board of Aldermen entitled "An act to supply a deficiency in the ap- would write one.

propriation for grading and graveling 17th street west, from K to M streets north," and "An act for laying a gutter across 15th street west, on the north side of K street north," were severally taken up, read the third time,

Mr. Mulloy moved that the Board do now adjourn; which motion was agreed to by the following vote:

YEAS-Messrs. Douglass, Wannall, Mohun, Hutchingson, Mulloy, Morgan, Miller, Cull, Johnson, Wheeler, and Van Riswick-11.

NAYS-Messrs. Easby, Callan, Downer, Popper, Brent, and Hill-6.

And the Board then adjourned.

[Correspondence of the American Telegraph.]

PORTSMOUTH, (VA.,) Nov. 24, 1851. GENTLEMEN: The Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad having, within the last few days, been completed to the town of Weldon, in North Carolina, its proposed western terminus, I am informed that its President has tendered an invitation to the Councils of Norfolk city, the Trustees of Portsmouth, and the officers of the Navy on this station, to make an excursion to Weldon and the intermediate places, on the 25th instant. A sumptuous entertainment is to be provided in the shape of an old-fashioned barbacue, by the citizens of the Old North State, living contiguous to the terminus of the road, and at Weldon, with which to regale their visiters. A supper is also to be furnished at the Crawford Hotel, in this town, to those gentlemen of our sister State who have been invited to embrace this opportunity of visiting our town and Norfolk city on the return trip. Much enjoyment is anticipated by those who were fortunate

enough to procure an opportunity of participat-ing in this festival.

Wm. Loyall, esq., one of the inspectors in the Custom House at Norfolk, has been removed,

and Capt. James Vickory supplies his place.

The ponderous water-wheel shafts of the U.
S. steamer Powhatan are to-day being hoisted on board, and flanges adjusted thereon. The weight of each is fifteen tons. The United States steamer Allegany, built at

Pittsburg, with the view of testing the utility of Hunter's submerged horizontal water-wheels, has been found unsuitable for the service in her present condition, and has been hauled on the ways, her engines taken out, and the workmen are now preparing her for the reception of side wheels, after the old plan. After the alteration proposed is made, it is thought, with her supe-

rior model, great speed will be obtained.

I perceive by the *Telegraph* that our townsman, Mr. H. F. Loudon, has opened a merchant tailoring establishment in your city. As an artisan, Loudon has left no superior in his profession among us; and his loss will be felt very much by those who are "over-nice" in the way of showing off their persons in neatly-fitting garments. Nevertheless, our loss is your gain.

Patronise him: he is worthy of it.

Wm. Wallace Davis, who, in an altercation at the post office, discharged two shots from a revolver at James Potter, wounding him in the right hand, gave himself up to-day to the legal authorities, who, after an examination into the case, committed him to jail, he having failed to obtain the required bail of ten thousand dollars.

Yours. [Communicated.]

To the Editors of the American Telegraph: GENTLEMEN: On Monday I made some sugand true men of its own party.

Are the present incumbents good and true men? is the question which each member of Congress should propound to himself, and satisfactorily answer. Are they good and true men upon the tariff and the present financial policy of the Democratic party? A decisive blow has been struck, and much gained, by the enactment of the independent treasury law; but yet this Government, in its monetary trans-actions, has never entirely repudiated the kindly offices of banks and bankers. The day must come when the Government will not only receive its own dues, but will in every department disburse its outlays, without the intervention of these pilferers of honest industry. Rapid strides have been made towards free trade. The enactment of the tariff of 1846, and the adoption of the ad-valorem system in the assessment of duties, were considered as a triumph of labor, the source of all wealth over associated wealth and monopolies. The principle of protection was so strongly engrafted upon our revenue system some years since, and so strong were the influences of the capitalists who were fattening and filling their already well-lined purses at the expense of the agricultural, mechanical, and other producing classes, that the very existence of the Government was endangered from their arrogance, power, and influence. A quarter of century has almost elapsed since this struggle between the laborer and capitalist commenced : and in spite of all the progress and advance-ment made, we see at this day that the party of progress itself—the Democracy—is not yet free from the contaminating influences of these millionaire mendicants. Recent demonstrations in a neighboring State should be a warning to all radical Democrats, that they have again to expense of the many. My motto is-No yield-

ing to the strong; for government was instituted to protect the weak against the strong.

The Democratic party will then, I doubt not in the selection of men who are to reflect the sentiments of the party—have an eye to all the great issues and principles for which the party have contended. The standard-bearer of the Democratic party, whether for President of the United States or any other station, should be a sound States Rights, non-intervention, Union man, a sound hard-money man, and a pure and undefiled free-trade man. Be pleased this time to subscribe me An OLD LINE DEMOCRAT.
November 25, 1851.

Punch asks, if " five and a half yards make a pole," what is the length of a Hungarian? Punch has seen one of them, the tallest spe-

cimen of humanity living. The Times has failed to reach him. Let Punch try. We never read anonymous communications.

[Phil. Sun. Nor we. It is safe to believe no decent man

BY THE MORNING'S MAILS.

HALIPAX, Nov. 25.—Liverpool letters, dated Saturday, the 15th, stated that cotton opened with less buoyancy, and the tendency of prices was downward. Fair Uplands and Mobile, 5d.

Lake Disaster.
Buffalo, Nov. 25.—The schooner Newbold, from Chicago, was capsized on Lake Michigan, and thirty lives were lost.

Woollen Factory Destroyed.
UTICA, Nov. 24.—The Utica Falls Woollen and Cloth Mills were destroyed by fire last even-ing. They were insured for \$21,500 in the Hartford companies. The loss is estimated at \$30,000 over the insurance. The fire is believed to have been the work of an incendiary.

Massachusetts Elections.
Springfield, Mass., Nov. 25.—The House of Springfield, Mass., Nov. 25.—The House of Representatives now stands 196 Whigs, 199 Coalitionists, and eight towns to hear from. There will be a small Whig majority, which can hardly prove available for party purposes, since the opposition is made up of the most discordant elements.

Jenny Lind.

Boston, Nov. 25.—Owing to Miss Lind's illness, her concert has been postponed until Friends.

ness, her concert has been postponed until Fri-day. The tickets are all sold.

Webster for President. The Webster convention to-day at Faneuil Hall is crowded. A. H. Nelson was appointed president pro tem., and Henry Vere secretary. The committee appointed to choose permanent officers reported Hon. Geo. Ashmun for president. Mr. A., on taking the chair, delivered an appropriate address, and was followed by J. Thomas Stevenson. The convention then ad-journed till 3 o'clock.

Daily Mail to Norfolk.

Norfolk, Nov. 24.—The citizens hold a meeting to-night for the purpose of appointing a committee to visit Washington and endeavor o get the daily mail between this city and

Baltimore continued through the winter. The Treason Case.
PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 25.—After discussing legal points, Castner Hanaway was arraigned, and the bill of indictment read. He plead not guilty, his wife clinging to his arm. The clerk asked him how he would like to be tried, stating that it was a matter of life and death. Hanaway replied he would be tried by God and his country. The clerk wished him a safe deliver-ance. The Court is now tediously engaged in

empannelling a jury. Mes" It is said that Mazzini has issued Italian Republican scrip to an enormous amount, since he has resided in London, and that he actually has a fund of five millions of dollars at his disposal for the purpose of revolutionizing Italy. A large portion of the sum is deposited in the Bank of England.

The Annual Meeting of the Ladies' U. B. and Employment Society takes place on Thursday evening, 27th instant, at the Trinity Church, Third street, where an invitation has been given us all to attend, and it is a privilege to do so, to listen to the always interesting report of the benevolent ladies of this society on the condition and progress of our poor. Who does not care for the poor? Every one, I trust, bears their wants upon his memory if not his heart, for who knows what may be his or her lot, or gestions against the policy of removing Demo- some one dear to them at some future time; and cratic officers, at the organization of Congress, if the hand that works now shall of its abunto make place merely for other Democrats. I dance contribute to the wants of suffering huam well satisfied that the great Democratic party manity, the consolation of that human heart will never be found engaged in proscribing good | will be cheered in all time that it has not forgotten the poor and distressed, whose life is

one incessant struggle. "How many pine in want, and dungeon glooms; Shut from the common air, and common use Of their own limbs! How many drink the cup Of baleful grief, or eat the bitter bread Of misery! Sore pierced by wintry winds, How many shrink into the sordid hut

Think of this matter, my readers, and let your better feelings urge you to this meeting, where an opportunity will be afforded you to aid the cause of the poor, with the assurance that the alms you bestow will be faithfully applied to the relief of the suffering daughters of humanity, and in a way that does honor 19 the donor and receiver. The principal regret expressed by this society is, that their means of employing their poor have been too limited by the few subscriptions tendered and collected. Let us, friends and fellow-citizens, not withdraw our hands from helping this benevolence, which adds and not impoverishes our means of increase. Industry is the watchword of this society; and what it wants is capital-capital for the poor to provide them with work.

ADDITIONS TO THE CAPITOL .- We comply with the request of a correspondent, and give place to the following from the Union of yes-

"When the Government was about to commence the work of enlarging the Capitol, petitions were signed by large numbers of our fellow-citizens who expected to aid in its erection by the labor of their hands. The excavations and foundation walls have been executed by day's work, and the strength and solidity of the latter are admired by all who have examined them. But it has been determined—unfortunately, I think—to rear the marble walls, &c., by contract. Bids have been received varying in amount from \$773,918 up to \$1,-697,069 50-showing a difference of \$923,151 50 between the calculations of bidders, who ought to understand the cost of what they

"Of course the contractor will endeavor to make the most he can out of his contract, and principally by slighting the work or extra charges. Let there be the least deviation from the contract on the part of the Government, and the most exorbitant charges will be de-manded; and, failing to obtain them from those having control of the work, they will annoy Congress year after year, petitioning for alleged losses, until they will obtain their object. Although I believe the day's-work system will prove in the end to be the most economical, it is not for that reason I advocate it, but because I believe the work will be better done-that we will have a building worthy of the nation, strong and lasting as our glorious Union, and as beau-

tiful and perfect as our system of government.

I hope there will be no decision of the matter till Congress can express an opinion in the premises; and that opinion, I have no doubt, will be in favor of day's work.

QUANTICO.